Albert of Saxony Encyclopedia Article

Albert of Saxony

The following sections of this BookRags Literature Study Guide is offprint from Gale's For Students Series: Presenting Analysis, Context, and Criticism on Commonly Studied Works: Introduction, Author Biography, Plot Summary, Characters, Themes, Style, Historical Context, Critical Overview, Criticism and Critical Essays, Media Adaptations, Topics for Further Study, Compare & Contrast, What Do I Read Next?, For Further Study, and Sources.

(c)1998-2002; (c)2002 by Gale. Gale is an imprint of The Gale Group, Inc., a division of Thomson Learning, Inc. Gale and Design and Thomson Learning are trademarks used herein under license.

The following sections, if they exist, are offprint from Beacham's Encyclopedia of Popular Fiction: "Social Concerns", "Thematic Overview", "Techniques", "Literary Precedents", "Key Questions", "Related Titles", "Adaptations", "Related Web Sites". (c)1994-2005, by Walton Beacham.

The following sections, if they exist, are offprint from Beacham's Guide to Literature for Young Adults: "About the Author", "Overview", "Setting", "Literary Qualities", "Social Sensitivity", "Topics for Discussion", "Ideas for Reports and Papers". (c)1994-2005, by Walton Beacham.

All other sections in this Literature Study Guide are owned and copyrighted by BookRags, Inc.

Contents

Albert of Saxony Encyclopedia Article.....1

Contents.....2

Albert of Saxony.....3

Albert of Saxony

c. 1316-1390

German philosopher and mathematician who wrote on mechanics and geology. Around 1350, Albert presented a theory of impetus that distinguished between uniform and irregular motion. In the realm of geology, he maintained that a process of uplift on land compensates for the force of erosion exerted on it by the oceans. Presenting an early version of isostasy, he held that rock formations tend to find their natural level by sinking or rising according to their densities.